量力而為

liang4 li4 er2 wei4

Should we or shouldn't we have a universal pension? This is the vexing question that divides opinions as the local community hotly debates the issue.

Critics push for a universal scheme, arguing that being taken care of in one's old age is a universal human right. The government favors one that pays only "those with financial needs," saying a universal scheme is unaffordable. Chief Secretary Carrie Lam Cheng Yuet-ngor said we should "量力而為" (liang4 li4 er2 wei4).

"量" (*liang4*) is "to estimate," "力" (*li4*) "strength," "power," "ability," "而" (*er2*) "and," "to," "and then," and "為" (*wei4*) "to do." Literally, "量力而為" (*liang4 li4 er2 wei4*) is "to do according to estimated strength."

It means "to do what one's strength allows," "to estimate one's ability or strength and do things accordingly."

Idiom by Lon Yan

Another version of the idiom is "量力而行" (liang4 li4 er2 xing2). The opposite of "量力而為" (liang4 li4 er2 wei4) is "不自量力" (bu2 zi4 liang4 li4), literally "not self-estimate strength," meaning "to go beyond one's depth," "to overestimate one's capability."

The English expression to "bite off more than one can chew" also means "不自量力" (bu2 zi4 liang4 li4). Figuratively it means to take on more than one can deal with, overconfident.

"Out of one's depth" means taking up a task that is beyond one's competence. If you get into water deeper than what your aquatic (水上的) skills can handle, you drown!

Terms containing the character "力" (li4) include:

力量 (li4 liang) - force, power, might

馬力 (ma3 li4) - horsepower

人力車 (ren2 li4 che1) - a rickshaw

無力 (wu2 li4) - to lack strength, to feel weak